

Regulatory Liquidity Disclosures 31 December 2022

Bank ABC (Arab Banking Corporation B.S.C.)

Regulatory Liquidity Disclosures

Introduction

In June 2019, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued the regulations to banks operating in Bahrain on the reporting of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) as part of the Basel III reforms.

The main objective of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is to promote the short-term resilience of the liquidity risk profile of banks by ensuring that they have sufficient level of high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) to cover net outflows and survive a significant stress scenario lasting for a period of up to 30 calendar days. Under the requirements, the Bank is required to maintain an LCR requirement of at least 100% on a daily basis.

HQLA eligible securities, fall into three categories: Level 1, Level 2A, and Level 2B liquid assets. Level 1 liquid assets, which are of the highest quality and deemed the most liquid is subject to no or little discount (or haircuts) to their market value and may be largely used without limit in the liquidity buffer. Level 2A and 2B securities are recognised as being relatively stable and reliable sources of liquidity, but not to the same extent as Level 1 assets. LCR rules therefore set a 40 per cent composition cap on the combined amount of Level 2A and Level 2B securities that firms may hold in their total eligible liquidity buffer. Level 2B liquid assets, which are considered less liquid and more volatile than Level 2A liquid assets, are subject to large and varying haircuts and may not exceed 15 per cent of the total eligible HQLA.

Bank ABC Group's HQLA comprised primarily "Level 1" securities (92%) with the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) and the sovereign and central banks of countries where the Bank has branches and subsidiaries, and also include highly rated corporate debt issuances.

Outflows & Inflows

Expected outflows are generally calculated as a percentage outflow of on-balance sheet items (e.g. funding received) and off-balance sheet commitments (e.g. credit and liquidity lines) made by firms. The % of outflow varies typically by counterparties per the liquidity rules.

Expected inflows are also generally calculated as a percentage inflow on-balance sheet items and include inflows (e.g. from corporate or retail loans) that will be repaid within 30 days. To ensure a minimum level of liquid asset holdings, and to prevent firms from relying solely on anticipated inflows to meet their liquidity coverage ratio, the prescribed amount of inflows that can offset outflows is capped at 75 per cent of total expected outflows.

The cash-outflows were driven primarily by unsecured wholesale funding and inter-bank borrowings.

The Bank utilises internal Risk Appetite Statement thresholds ("RAS") which act as early warning indicators and safeguards to ensure LCR is maintained above the regulatory minimum requirements at all times.

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Quantitative Disclosure

The Group continued to maintain a strong average LCR position over the reporting period with a prudent surplus to both Board approved risk appetite and regulatory requirements. The Group's average LCR was 214% in the fourth quarter of 2022 (compared to September 2022: 235%) driven by stable HQLA holdings and lower net cash outflows, reflecting the Group's focus on high-quality liquid assets across our units and aligned with overall growth in the Group's balance sheet and external liquidity environment. Bank ABC also holds adequate liquidity across all its footprint to meet all local prudential LCR requirements, where applicable.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) for the quarter ended 31st December 2022 (continued)

Quantitative Disclosure (continued)

All figures in US\$ '000

		31 Dece	mber 22	30 September 22					
		Total unweighted value (average)**	Total weighted value (average)**	Total unweighted value (average)**	Total weighted value (average)**				
High-quality liquid assets									
1	Total HQLA		4,588		4,995				
Cas	Cash outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:								
3	Stable deposits								
4	Less stable deposits	1,194	119	1,133	113				
5 6	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which: Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	375	94	481	120				
7	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	7,988	4,205	8,388	4,355				
8	Unsecured debt	-	-	-	-				
9	Secured wholesale funding		167		12				
10	Additional requirements, of which:								
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	42	42	14	14				
12	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-				
	Credit and liquidity facilities	123	15	111	11				
	Other contractual funding obligations	75	75	211	211				
	Other contingent funding obligations	1,611	81	1,652	83				
	Total Cash Outflows		4,798		4,919				
	Cash inflows								
	Secured lending (eg. reverse repos)	815	94	683	30				
	Inflows from fully performing exposures	3,077	2,223	3,683	2,692				
_	Other cash inflows	337	337	71	71				
20	Total Cash Inflows	4,228	2,654	4,437	2,793				
<u> </u>	Cap on cash inflows	75%	3,598	75%	3,689				
	Total cash inflows after applying the cap		2,654		2,793				

	Total adjusted value	Total adjusted value
21 Total HQLA	4,588	4,995
22 Total net cash outflows	2,144	2,125
23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%) Average	214%	235%

^{**} In accordance with the CBB liquidity module, LCR presented above is a simple average of daily LCR of all working days during Q4 2022 and Q3 2022 respectively.

Bank ABC acquired Blom Bank Egypt effective 11th August 2021. Whilst the integration is taking place, figures of the acquired entity has been considered based on their local regulatory submission.

The Consolidated Group LCR ratio as at 31st December 2022 was 225% (30th September 2022: 220%).

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Introduction

In August 2018, the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) issued the regulations to banks operating in Bahrain on the reporting of the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) effective 31 December 2019. The purpose of this disclosure is to provide the information pursuant to CBB's Liquidity Risk Management module LM 12.5 "General Disclosure Requirements".

The NSFR is a balance sheet metric which requires institutions to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to the characteristics of their assets and off-balance sheet activities over a one-year horizon. It is the ratio between the amount of available stable funding (ASF) and the amount of required stable funding (RSF). ASF factors are applied to balance sheet liabilities and capital, based on their perceived stability and the amount of stable funding they provide. Likewise, RSF factors are applied to assets and off-balance sheet exposures according to the amount of stable funding they require. As per the CBB liquidity disclosure requirement, the Consolidated NSFR is to be published on a quarterly basis. At the last reporting date, the Group NSFR remained above 100 per cent.

The Bank utilises internal Risk Appetite Statement thresholds ("RAS") which act as early warning indicators and safeguards to ensure NSFR is maintained above the regulatory minimum requirements.

Quantitative Disclosure

At 31 December 2022, the Consolidated Group NSFR was stable at 124% (September 22: 122%), well above the regulatory minimum. Available Stable Funding at Group level as of 31 December 2022 was around US\$ 19.6 billion (September 22: US\$ 18.9 billion) as against US\$ 15.7 billion (September 22: US\$ 15.6 billion) of Required Stable Funding.

The drivers of available stable funding include Bank ABC's robust capital base, substantial and reliable wholesale funding from customers and a retail deposits in MENA units. Required stable funding include financing various customers including non-financial corporates, sovereigns, PSE's , financial institutions and retail and small business customers. Bank ABC's HQLA requires minimal funding mainly due to the significant component of Level 1 assets in the portfolio.

Quantitative Disclosure (continued)

All figures in US\$ '000

		31 December 22					All figures in US\$ '000 30 September 22				
	Unweighted	Unweighted Values (i.e. before applying relevant factors)				Unweighted Values (i.e. before applying relevant factors)					
	6 months - weig	Total weighted value	No specified maturity	Less than 6 months	Over 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value				
Available Stable Funding (ASF):											
2 Regulatory Capital	3,995				3,995	3,988				3,988	
3 Other Capital Instruments	470			290	759	473			294	767	
4 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:											
5 Stable deposits			91		86			125		118	
6 Less stable deposits		1,526	241	280	1,871		1,418	259	216	1,725	
7 Wholesale funding:											
8 Operational deposits											
9 Other wholesale funding		16,403	4,056	7,393	12,863		14,876	4,152	7,285	12,341	
10 Other liabilities:											
11 NSFR derivative liabilities		-					-				
12 All other liabilities not included in the above categories		1,084			-		968			-	
13 Total ASF					19,575					18,940	
Required Stable Funding (RSF):											
14 Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	7,744	88	-	-	452	6,888	138	-	-	452	
15 Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
16 Performing loans and securities:											
17 Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
18 Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing load financial institutions	-	4,099	819	693	1,677	-	4,145	835	598	1,604	
19 Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, a loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	nd	7,281	2,128	5,729	9,574		7,152	1,943	5,318	9,068	
20 - With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	100	65	-	-	-	198	129	
21 Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22 With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
23 Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	-	231	444	854	1,063	-	536	579	1,426	1,769	
24 Other assets:											
25 Physical traded commodities, including gold											
26 Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs											
27 NSFR derivative assets		0			0		157			157	
28 NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		-			-		-			-	
29 All other assets not included in the above categories	2,772	327	18	2,214	2,504	1,788	287	26	1,735	2,025	
30 OBS items		8,130			406		7,678			384	
31 Total RSF					15,742					15,588	
32 NSFR (%)					124%					122%	